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C-A OPERATIONS PROCEDURES MANUAL

ATTACHMENT

10.1.e Operator Response To Smoke in C-A Primary Areas

	10.1		
	Hand Pro	ocessed Changes	
HPC No.	<u>Date</u>	Page Nos.	<u>Initials</u>
			Revision No. (
	Approved:	_Signature On File er-Accelerator Departmo	

E. Lessard

Operator Response to Smoke in C-A Primary Areas

The purpose of this checklist is to provide Operators with a set of guidelines to follow in the event of smoke or fire in C-A primary areas. Smoke should initially be thought to have caused the dispersion of radioactive material; at least until the primary area is confirmed to be "un-contaminated" or "clean" by Health Physics. Dispersion via smoke could cause skin or clothing contamination, or create airborne radioactivity that could be inhaled. Internal radiation exposure or contamination of skin and clothing may be reportable occurrences. In most cases, potential for contamination from smoke can and should be avoided.

	ON THE LOWING	REPORT OF SMOKE IN PRIMARY AREAS, YOU SHOULD COMPLETE THE :
DAT	ГЕ:	TIME:
1)		CALL in Health Physics for a smoke event even if recent external radiation surveys have been performed.
2)		ISOLATE the contaminated area until HP arrives and posts the area; for example, limit access by locking gates or post a gate watch at the potentially contaminated primary area.
3)		TURN OFF beam-line elements in the area.
4)		IF roof fans were used to clear the smoke, THEN turn fans OFF when the smoke has cleared. Have HP check the fan exhaust port for contamination.
5)		COLLECT the names of persons known to have been in the potentially contaminated area. Have a qualified person check for contamination. This is a person trained as a Contamination Worker:
		CONTAMINATION CHECK REQUIREMENTS
•	frisker is s Check han Check all i	ter' to check for contamination (thin-end window pancake Geiger Mueller tube) Check that the et in the fast response mode. ds, feet, hair, and shoulders by moving the detector probe at the rate of 2inch/sec. Items removed from the Contamination Area. P if there is a question.
6)		HAVE HP check the fire or smoke area for contaminated surfaces.
7)		IF contamination is not found, THEN MAKE necessary repairs and restore the system for operation as soon as practicable.
8)		IF a person's skin or clothing is contaminated above 1000 dpm per 100cm2, THEN record the following:

Time contamination event likely occurred:		
Brief d	escription of the incident and actions taken:	
	IF HP reports that a person's skin or clothing is contaminated above 1000 dpm per 100cm ² THEN INITIATE the calling procedure in <u>C-A-OPM 10.1</u> , Section 5.1, so that the even can be categorized, and all appropriate notification requirements are completed as necessary (see <u>C-A-OPM 10.1</u> , Section 5.4).	
	HAVE HP determine if protective clothing is required to clean up the area or perform the repair work. Simple precautions such as gloves, lab coats and shoe covers shall be used to prevent contamination of street clothes and the skin.	